

Ben-Gurion University of the Negev אוניברסיטת בן-גוריון בנגב



Graduate Students Seminar

Department of Chemistry

Thursday, June 29th, 2023 Time 14:00 Bldg. 43 Room 015

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Under the supervision of Prof. Sebastian Kozuch

Inversed Bonding-Backbonding: Metal to Ligand σ and Ligand to Metal π Dative Interactions

While many bonding patterns are known and studied, an inverse bondingbackbonding (IBBB) with a metal to ligand σ donation and a ligand to metal π backdonation (a " σ Z- π L" interaction) is unheard of.

This work consisted innumerable attempts of constructing in-silico potential candidates and testing them via quantum chemistry methods coupled with self-written Python – data analysis scripts. Due to the complexity of the required electronic behavior, most of those attempts did not show the desired IBBB pattern within stable transition-metal complexes. We believe that IBBB involving d orbitals in transition metals is impossible, but a π charge transfer to a post-transition metal empty p orbital can do the trick.

Herein, we show one such case consisting of:

1) A triel-benzene ligand (e.g. borabenzene), where the triel in the ring has an empty lone pair that can act as a σ acceptor, whereas the aromatic electronic system serves as a π donor.

2) A pnictogen-X3 pincer complex (e.g. Bi with an NCN or OCO pincer ligand), whose HOMO, a lone pair forced to be in the molecular plane, is a σ donor, and the LUMO is a p AO on the pnictogen, working as a π acceptor.





The findings are supported by calculating orbital interactions using NBO (Natural Bonding Orbitals) analysis, testing for charge-transfer via DDM (Density Difference Maps) and relaxed force constant computation of Bi-B (and other pnictogen-triel pairs).

This kind of interaction is, as far as we know, the first of its kind, and helps fill the table of all the possible combinations of ligand/complexes bond types.



A. Blahman, S. Kozuch, Isr. J. Chem. 2022, e202200072